

FILED  
Clerk  
District Court

DEC 16 2005

For The Northern Mariana Islands  
By \_\_\_\_\_  
(Deputy Clerk)

**Robert D. Bradshaw**  
**PO Box 473**  
**1530 W. Trout Creek Road**  
**Calder, Idaho 83808**  
**Phone 208-245-1691**

Plaintiff, Pro Se

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS**

**ROBERT D. BRADSHAW**

) Case No. CV 05-0027

Plaintiff

v.

**COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN  
MARIANA ISLANDS** (hereafter referred to  
as the CNMI); et. al.

Defendants

) **PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO  
DEFENDANT COMMONWEALTH OF  
THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS'  
MOTION TO DISMISS OR QUASH  
FOR DEFECTIVE SERVICE  
PURSUANT TO Fed. R. CIV. P. 4  
AND 12(B)(5) AND INCORPORATED  
MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND  
AUTHORITIES**  
Hearing at 0900 AM , Dec. 22, 2005

1. COMES now plaintiff to oppose defendant CNMI's Motion to Dismiss or Quash for Defective Service. This motion should be denied for two reasons.

2. First, defendant's motion does not meet the criteria of time as established in local rule 7.1b which specifies not less than 28 days for a hearing after filing of the motion and/or per LR 7.1c1 on hearings, on the fourth Thursday after it is filed (or on Dec 29th).

Defendant's motion was filed Dec 5, 2005 and mailed by regular first class mail to the plaintiff

on Dec 6, 2005 (per the attached copy of the mailing envelope, Exhibit A, showing the Dec 6 date). Plaintiff received the notice on Dec 16, 2005 and has had to hurriedly file this opposition at once by fax in order to reach the court hearing scheduled for Dec 22d.

3. LR7.1c2 notes that opposition is to be filed on the Thursday of the second full week after the week in which the motion was filed. This dating translates to Dec 22d. This opposition therefore should, by fax, reach the court and defendant prior to the Dec 22d date.

4. Second, plaintiff's service was made in accordance with Fed. Rules Civil Procedure (FRCP) rule 4(j)(2) which specifies service by "delivering a copy of the summons and of the complaint to the chief executive officer or by serving the summons and complaint in the manner prescribed by the law of that state for the service of summons or other like process..." Plaintiff's service on the CNMI complied with this rule in that service was made pursuant to 7 CMC 1101-1104, a statutory law of the CNMI which automatically takes precedence over the court procedure rules established by the CNMI judiciary. It is a fact of law that court rules of procedure promulgated by the judiciary can never supersede, change or abolish statutory laws in effect in a given jurisdiction.

5. Chapter 1 of 7 CMC 1102 defines the audience for this chapter as "any person, whether or not a citizen or resident of the Commonwealth, who in person or through an agent does any of the acts enumerated in this Section..." "Oran's Dictionary of the Law" (p 315-316) says that person means "(1) A human being... (2) A Corporation... (3) Any other 'being' entitled to sue as a legal entity (a government, an association, a group of trustees, etc). The plural of person is *persons*, not people." Chapter 1 of 7 CMC address government entities as well as individual people and/or corporations.

6. Section 1104 addresses the manner of service which allows a plaintiff to mail by certified mail, return receipt, the summons and complaint to the defendant wherever the defendant can be found. There are no restrictions whatsoever in sections 1101-1104 which limit or restrict service on any person, including the CNMI government, allegedly guilty of a tort or wrong in the CNMI. The Commonwealth Rules of Civil Procedure cannot possibly change, alter, supersede, or limit the applicability of the statutory law in effect. Therefore, CNMI rule 4i cannot possibly take precedence over the statutory law. In fact, FRCP rule 4(j)(2) specifically refers to the local "law" and not necessarily court rules.

7. Section 1102(e) adds that the Legislature intends that jurisdiction under this section "shall be coextensive with the minimum standards of the due process as determined in the United States Federal Courts." Federal standards envision service on a government as involving delivery on the Chief Executive Officer as being the principal agent of the government. The word "delivery," per Oran's (p. 122), means "(1) The transfer of property other than land from one person to another... (2) An act other than physically handing over an object that has the legal effect of a physical transfer."

8. Per chapter 1 of 7 CMC, there is no definition of who the agent of the CNMI government is to receive the summons and complaint; although it is a given that the Chief Executive Office is automatically eligible to receive the summons and complaint as is the proscription of the FRCP. The remark in the CNMI rules on service on the AG, in rule 4i, does not reference or attempt to change, augment or define 7 CMC in any respect as to service on the CNMI. The reference in the allowability of service on individuals in the US (per CNMI rule 4(e)) includes a recognition that service can be made in accordance with any law in the

CNMI. Though not stated as such, this manifestly is also the case in rule 4i on service on the CNMI as well as any and all other citcs in CNMI rule 4. Service on any person in the CNMI rule 4 can always be made in accordance with statutory laws in the CNMI.

9. Per both the FRCP and the local 7 CMC, plaintiff has legal authority to deliver a summons to the Chief Executive Officer of the CNMI

10. Although not required by 7 CMC 1104, the plaintiff did serve a courtesy copy of the summons (and also a single copy of the amended complaint) for the CNMI and the other defendants to the AG on Nov 29, 2005. Service on the Governor for the CNMI did not happen until Nov 30, 2005.

11. Plaintiff respectfully requests that defendant's motion be denied. A proposed order is enclosed. If alternatively, the Court does grant the motion to quash, plaintiff requests that the delivery time of 120 days for the defendant CNMI be increased to 240 days.

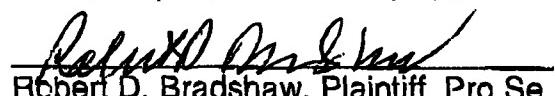
I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed this 18th day of December 2005 at Calder, Idaho.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Robert D. Bradshaw, Plaintiff Pro Se

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 18th day of December 2005, I caused to be served a true copy of the foregoing document by US Mail Postage Paid to each of the following:

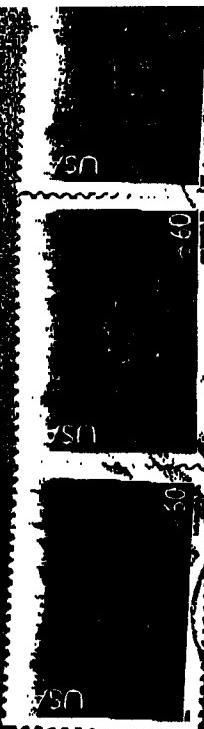
Jay H. Sorensen, c/o Shanghai, PO Box 9022, Warren, MI 48090-9022  
The CNMI Attorney General, Caller Box 10007, Capitol Hill, Saipan, MP 96950 (copy also sent by fax to the AG at 670-664-2349).

  
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Robert D. Bradshaw, Plaintiff, Pro Se

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TO:US DISTRICT COURT, N

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COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS  
**OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL**  
2ND FLOOR, ADMINISTRATION BLDG., CAPITOL HILL  
MAIL BOX 10007  
SAIPAN, MP 96950

To ROBERT D. BRADSHAW  
Plaintiff, Pro Se  
P O Box 473  
1530 W. Trout Creek Road  
Calder ID 83808